

# A GUIDE TO HOME COVID-19 ANTIGEN TESTING

**IMPORTANT:** Students who test positive for COVID-19 off-campus should report their test results to the university in order to help protect our community [here](#).

Information on how to purchase a COVID-19 antigen test through the UHS Pharmacy can be found [here](#).

## I DID A HOME ANTIGEN TEST. WHAT DO I DO NOW? WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

### I'VE TESTED POSITIVE

#### ISOLATE

Report your positive result [here](#). Information for students on where to isolate and how to find available resources available to them can be found [here](#).

### I'VE TESTED NEGATIVE

DO YOU HAVE ANY SYMPTOMS OF COVID-19 INFECTION?

YES

NO

WERE YOU EXPOSED TO SOMEONE WITH CONFIRMED COVID-19 INFECTION?

WERE YOU EXPOSED TO SOMEONE WITH CONFIRMED COVID-19 INFECTION?

YES

NO

YES

NO

**RECOMMENDED ACTION**  
**OBTAIN CONFIRMATORY PCR TESTING AT UHS OR OHS.**  
Isolate until further guidance is provided

DID YOU RECEIVE AN APPROVED COVID-19 VACCINE?

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NO

YES

N/A

**RECOMMENDED ACTION**  
**QUARANTINE FOR 10 DAYS**

You have the option to get tested 7-10 days after exposure through UHS. You should be re-tested if you develop symptoms of COVID-19 infection.

**RECOMMENDED ACTION**  
**GET TESTING THROUGH UHS 3-5 DAYS AFTER EXPOSURE**

Wear a face covering while in public indoor settings until you receive a negative test result. Monitor for symptoms for 14 days and contact UHS if symptoms develop at (734) 764-8320.

**NO ACTION NEEDED**

#### TAKING AN ANTIGEN TEST? HERE ARE SOME TIPS TO CONSIDER:

- Antigen testing can be done at home and results are available in 15 minutes.
- If you have symptoms, antigen testing is most accurate if done within 7 days of symptom onset. It loses sensitivity after seven days.
- Given the lower sensitivity of an antigen test, there is a chance COVID-19 may not be detected in the test when it is actually present.
- Testing immediately before an event or travel may be useful for reducing transmission.
- Have a negative antigen test result? This does not rule out a COVID-19 infection. If you receive a negative test and are showing symptoms, you should obtain a PCR test.
- Have a positive antigen test result? Based on studies, this is likely more than 99% accurate.